UNIVERSITY OF UTAH READING CLINIC BOTSWANA READING LEVEL ASSESSMENT

Student						Stand	ard	_ Date _		
School					Teacher					
Examiner										
<u>Passage</u>	S1-Early	S1-Mid	S1-End	S2-Mid S2-End	3E 3M 3End	4E 4M 4End	5E 5M 5End	6E 6M 6End	7E 7M 7End	Form 1E Form 1M Form 1 End
Accuracy (%)										
Self-Correction										
Rate (WPM)										
Comp. (%)										

INSTRUCTIONAL READING LEVEL

* Instructional Level is the highest place where the student meets or exceeds accuracy <u>and</u> rate criteria

Instructional Level

	LETTER/SO				
Upper Case Naming (/26)	Lower Case Naming (/26)	Letter Sounds (/26)	Production (/26)	→	TROUBLE LETTERS

For intervention ONLY: If student knows < 16 letter sounds, start in picture sorts. If student knows >16 letter sounds, start in Onset-Vowel.

On all passages:

Start timer at beginning of passage and stop when student reaches 100th word (*).

The student must read entire passage to answer comprehension questions.

Omissions, substitutions, insertions, and teacher helps (after waiting 3 sec.) are considered errors. Repetitions are NOT errors.

Self-corrections on Standard 1 passages are NOT errors.

Self-corrections on Standard 2 – Form 1 passages ARE errors

UPPER CASE NAME RECOGNITION	A D	F	P Q	W N	K S	Z X	B		H R		J		Y	Μ	#Correct /26
LOWER CASE NAME RECOGNITION (Target: 16 or more corre ct)	a d	f I	p q	w n	k s	z x	b i	c g	h r	o E	j v	u t	у	m	#Correct /26
LOWER CASE SOUND RECOGNITION	m t	y v	u e	j r	o g	h i	c x	b s	z n	k q	w I	p d	f	а	#Correct /26
LETTER PRODUCTION	A D	F	P Q	W N	K S	Z X	B	C G	H R	O E	J		Y	М	#Correct /26

University of Utah Reading Clinic - Botswana LETTER NAME/SOUND ASSESSMENT – Score Sheet

A B U Q G	F C Y N R	P H M S E	W O D X V	K J L T	Z	
a	f	р	W	k	Z	
b	С	h	0	j		
u	У	m	d	I		
q	n	S	Х	i		
g	r	е	V	†		
m	У	u	j	0	h	
С	b	Z	k	W		
р	f	a	†	V		
е	r	g	i	Х		
S	n	q		d		

Name _____

Letter- Sounds Assessment Letter Production Student Sheet



From Beverley Randell's, *Baby Bear Goes Fishing*. Copyright 1996, Rigby

Echo read (with pointing) title and title page. Open to page 3. Echo read first sentence.

"I'm going fishing," said Father Bear. Start timer.

*/ "I like fishing, too," said Baby Bear. "I will go with you and help you." $/^{\%}$

If student makes 6 or more errors after timer starts, STOP [See scoring table for accuracy and rate. Score N/A for comp]. Otherwise, continue. Good job. Keep going.

"You are too little to go fishing," said Mother Bear. "I am **not** too little," said Baby Bear. "I'm big."

Father Bear and Baby Bear went down to the river. "Come here, fish," said Baby $/^{\#}$

If student makes 10 or more total errors after
timer starts, STOP [and use <u>50-Word-Only</u>
chart. Score N/A for comp]. Otherwise,
continue.
Good job. Keep going.

Bear.

"The fish are not coming today," said

Father Bear. Baby Bear went on fishing.

"Look!" shouted Baby Bear. "Fish!

Fish! Look at my fish!"

Father Bear and Baby Bear went home

with the fish. "Look at my fish!" said Baby Bear. "I'm not too little to go fishing."

"I'm /* **not** too little," said Baby Bear.

Comprehension Questions (ONLY ASK IF STUDENT READS WHOLE STORY)

- *1.* What did Baby Bear want to do? (*He wanted* to go fishing or *He wanted to catch a fish.*)
- 2. Why didn't Mother Bear want Baby Bear to go fishing? (Because he is too little).
- 3. Who caught the fish? (Baby Bear)

Errors: _____

Self-Corrections: _____(not counted as errors)

Accuracy: <u>%</u>

Rate: ____wpm

Comprehension: %

Student Re	ad ONL	Y p.1 Scoring Table
Time from */ to /%	WPM	# Errors from */ to /%
27 sec	33	6 60
28 sec	32	7 53
29 sec	31	8 47
30 sec	30	9 40
31 sec	29	10 33
32 sec	28	11 27
33 sec	27	12 20
34 – 35 sec	26	13 13
36 sec	25	14 7
37 – 38 sec	24	15 0
39 – 40 sec	23	
41 sec	22	Score 50-word section
42 – 43 sec	21	(*/ to /#) using 50-
44 – 46 sec	20	Word-Only chart
47 – 48 sec	19	
49 – 51 sec	18	
52 – 54 sec	17	Score 100-word section
55 – 58 sec	16	(*/ to /*) using standard
59 – 62 sec	15	conversion chart
63 sec - 66 sec	14	
67 sec - 72 sec	13	Continue Criteria
73 sec - 78 sec	12	< 10
79 sec - 85 sec	11	Errors ≤10

10

9

 $\frac{\text{Errors} \leq 10}{\text{AND}}$ $\text{Time} \leq 3:23$

86 sec - 94 sec

95 sec - 105 sec

106 sec - 2 min

Level - Standard 1 - Mid

From Arnold Lobel's *Mouse Tales*, pp 18-23. Copyright 1972 by Arnold Lobel. Used by permission of HarperCollins Publishers.

Initial Prompt: *Read this story about a mouse and his mother who look at clouds.*

"Look!" said Mother. "We can see pictures in the clouds." The little mouse and his mother saw many pictures in the clouds. They saw a castle...a rabbit....a mouse.

"I am going to pick flowers," said Mother. "I will stay here and watch the clouds," said the little mouse.

The little mouse saw a big cloud in the sky. It grew bigger and bigger. The cloud became a cat. The cat came nearer and nearer to the little mouse. "Help!" shouted the little mouse, and he ran to his mother.

"There is a big cat in the sky!" cried /* the little mouse. "I am afraid!" Mother looked up at the sky. "Do not be afraid," she said. "See, the cat has turned back into a cloud again."

*Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions. Comprehension Questions:

- *1.* What were the little mouse and his mother doing at the beginning of the story? *(They were looking at clouds.)*
- 2. What pictures did they see in the clouds? (*A castle; a rabbit; a mouse; a cat*) (Need 2 for credit)
- 3. Why did the little mouse shout, "Help"? (*He* was scared by the cloud that looked like a cat.)

Errors: _____ Self-Corrections: _____(not counted as errors) Accuracy: ____%

Time: min. sec.

Rate: wpm

Comprehension: ____%

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue
Errors	≥11	≤ 10
	OR	AND
Time	≥3:23	≤3:23

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Standard 1 - End

From Arnold Lobel's *Days with Frog and Toad*, pp 52-55. Copyright 1979 by Arnold Lobel. Used by permission of HarperCollins Publishers.

Initial Prompt: *Find out what happens when Frog wants to be alone.*

Toad went to Frog's house. He found a note on the door. The note said, "Dear Toad, I am not at home. I went out. I want to be alone."

"Alone?" said Toad. "Frog has me for a

friend. Why does he want to be alone?"

Toad looked through the windows. He

looked in the garden. He did not see Frog.

Toad went to the woods. Frog was not there. He went to the meadow. Frog was not there. Toad went down to the river. There was Frog. He was sitting on an island by himself.

"Poor Frog," said Toad. /* "He must be very sad. I will cheer him up.

*Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions. Comprehension Questions:

- *1*.At the beginning of the story, what did Toad find at Frog's house? (*A note*)
- 2. Tell me two places that Toad looked for Frog. (*Frog's house/window, the garden, the woods, the meadow, the river*)
- 3. When Toad found Frog, what did Toad decide to do? *(Cheer him up)*

Errors:	
Self-Corrections:	(not counted as errors)
Accuracy: <u>%</u>	
Time:min	_sec.
Rate:wpm	

Comprehension: ____%

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue
Errors	≥11	≤ 10
	OR	AND
Time	≥2:31	≤ 2:3 1

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Standard 2 – Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt:

This story tells about a baseball game. Baseball is a game where you only get three chances to hit a little ball with a stick.

Whiz! The baseball went right by me, and I struck at the air! "Strike one," called the man. I could feel my legs begin to shake!

Whiz! The ball went by me again, and I began to feel bad. "Strike two," screamed the man.

I held the bat back because this time I would smack the ball! I would hit it right out of the park! I was so scared that I bit down on my lip. My knees shook and my hands grew wet. Swish! The ball came right over the plate. Crack! I hit it a good one! /*

Then I ran like the wind. Everyone was yelling for me because I was now a baseball star."

*Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Comprehension Questions:

- *1.* Why was the child in this story worried? (*Fears he/she may strike out*)
- 2. What are some examples that show the batter was scared? (*Bit his/her lip, knees shaking, hands wet*) (Need 2 of 3 for credit)
- 3. What happened on the last pitch? (*The player hit the ball.*)

Errors: _____ Self-Corrections: _____(counted as errors) Accuracy: ____%

Time: _____min. _____sec.

Rate: wpm

Comprehension: ____%

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue
Errors	≥11	≤ 10
	OR	AND
Time	≥1:40	≤1 : 15

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Standard 3 – Early, Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt: *This story is about a boy and his dog.*

The sunlight shined into the mouth of the cave so Mark could see easily at first, but the farther he walked, the darker it grew. His dog, Boxer, ran off to explore on his own.

Soon it grew so dark Mark could see nothing, but he could hear water dripping off the cave walls. He touched a wall with his hand to find it cold and damp. Mark began to grow fearful, so he lit his candle and held it high to look around.

Suddenly, the flame went out. He tried to relight the candle, but the first match went/*out! Finally, Mark's shaking hand held the lighted candle high. He heard a low growl near him and saw a pair of fierce, green eyes glowing in the dark! "Boxer!" he shouted. "Now I recognize those green eyes of yours! Let's get out of here!"

Comprehension Questions:

1. At the beginning of the story, what were Mark and Boxer doing? *(Exploring a cave.)*

2. When they first entered the cave, what did Boxer do? (*Ran off to explore on his own*)

3. What was it like inside the cave? (*Dark; cold; wet; damp*) (Need 2 for credit)

4. What did the "growling" and the "fierce, green eyes" turn out to be? (*Boxer*)

5. What does the word <u>recognize</u> mean in the phrase, "Now I <u>recognize</u> those green eyes of yours"? (to see something that you know)

Errors: _____ Self-Corrections: _____(counted as errors) Accuracy: ____% Time: ____min. ____sec. Rate: ____wpm Comprehension: ___%

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue
Errors	≥11	≤ 10
	OR	AND
Time	≥1:15	≤1 :0 3

^{*}Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Standard 4 – Early, Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt: *This story is about three animals trying to find their way home.*

The two dogs and the cat were growing tired from their long journey. Now they had to cross a river. It was wide and deep, so they would have to swim across.

The younger dog plunged into the icy water, barking for the others to follow him. The older dog jumped into the water. He was weak and suffering from pain, but somehow he managed to struggle to the opposite bank.

The poor cat was left all alone. He was so afraid that he ran up and down the bank wailing with fear. The younger dog swam back and forth/* trying to help.

Finally, the cat jumped and began swimming near his friend. At that moment something bad happened. An old beaver dam from upstream broke. The water rushed downstream, hurling a large log toward the animals. It struck the cat and swept him helplessly away.

Comprehension Questions:

1. At the beginning of the story, what was the difficult thing the three animals had to do? *(Cross a river.)*

2. What does the word <u>wailing</u> mean in the phrase, "<u>wailing</u> with fear"? (*Crying out; screaming; yowling*)

3. How did the younger dog help his friends? (He barked for his friends to follow. **OR** He swam back to help the cat and swam near him.)

4. What does the word <u>plunged</u> mean in the phrase, "the younger dog <u>plunged</u>"? *(Jumped into the water)*

5. At the end of the story, what happened to the cat? (It was swept down river <u>because . . . a dam</u> <u>broke</u>. **OR** <u>It was hit by a log</u>.)

Errors: _____

Self-Corrections: ____(counted as errors)

Accuracy: <u>%</u>

Time: ______min. _____sec.

Rate: wpm

Comprehension: %

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue
Errors	≥11	≤5
	OR	AND
Time	≥1:03	≤1:00

^{*}Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Standard 5 – Early, Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt: *This passage tells about an Olympic champion in a bicycle race.*

"Look out," Sheila Young thought as she saw her challenger's bicycle come too close. "Watch out or you will foul me!"

At that moment a horrifying thing happened as she was bumped by another racer at forty miles an hour. Sheila's bicycle crashed, and she skidded on the surface of the track. From the wreck she received a nine-inch gash on her head.

The judges ruled that the race should be run again since a foul had been made. Sheila would not have enough time to get her wound stitched; still, she didn't want to quit the race because/*

she could only think of winning.

"Just staple the cut together and bandage it," she told the doctor. "I want towin this race!"

The doctor did as Sheila asked, and as she stood in silence while being treated, tears rolled down her face from the intense pain. Then, with a blood-stained bandage on her throbbing head, she pushed on to amaze the crowd with a sensational victory and a gold medal!

Comprehension Questions:

1. At the beginning of the story, what happened to Sheila Young? (*She crashed because <u>another</u> racer bumped into her.*)

2. What injury did Sheila receive in the crash? (*A cut/gash on her head*)

3. What did the judges decide about the race? *(There was a foul. <u>The race would be run</u> again.)*

4. What did Sheila ask the doctor to do when she found that the race was being run again? (Just staple/stitch her cut and bandage it up.)

5. What does the word <u>intense</u> mean in this phrase: "<u>intense</u> pain"? (*Extreme; very strong*)

Errors:

Self-Corrections: _____(counted as errors)

Accuracy: <u>%</u>

Rate: wpm

Comprehension:____%

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue
Errors	≥6	≤5
	OR	AND
Time	≥1:00	≤ 0:55

^{*}Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Standard 6 - Early, Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt: *Garrett Morgan was a black inventor who invented the traffic signal. This passage tells about another invention of his.*

The explosion was horrible that tragic day in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1916. Thirty-two men were trapped in a tunnel 250 feet below Lake Erie, and no one could enter the smokefilled atmosphere. "Someone get Garrett Morgan to help!" shouted a man. "Morgan's breathing device is the only thing that can help rescue the survivors!"

Garrett Morgan and his brother quickly volunteered to assist. "My breathing device will save those victim's lives," Morgan announced with confidence. "I invented it so firemen can breathe when they enter a burning house filled with suffocating gases. We tested my device in an/*

air-tight tent that was filled with the foulest, thickest smoke. A man put my diver's helmetlike device with long breathing tubes running to the floor over his head, went into the tent, stayed twenty minutes, and emerged unharmed."

Then Morgan and his brother placed the devices over their heads and rushed into the death-trap tunnel. One by one they carried each man to the surface. Although not every life was spared, it was Morgan's invention, the first gas mask, that saved lives that day and in the years to come!

*Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Comprehension Questions:

1. What problem did the group of 32 men face? *(They were trapped in a tunnel under Lake Erie.)*

2. What made rescuing the men in the tunnel difficult? (It was filled with smoke.)

3. What did Garrett Morgan invent in the story? *(Gas mask; breathing device)*

4. How did Morgan know the gas mask would work? (A man stayed in a smoke-filled tent for 20 minutes. **OR** A man stayed in a room full of poisonous gas and was unharmed.)

5. What does the word <u>emerged</u> mean in this phrase: "<u>emerged</u> unharmed"? (*Came out of*)

Errors: _____ Self-Corrections: _____(counted as errors) Accuracy: _____% Time: _____min. ____sec. Rate: ____wpm Comprehension: ____%

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back	Continue	
Errors	≥6	≤5	
	OR	AND	
Time	≥0:55	≤ 0:50	

Standard 7 – Early, Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt:

Find out what happens with this science project.

Janice wanted to do research on nutrition. She planned to purchase three guinea pigs and over a two-month period prepare meals containing different amounts of protein. One guinea pig would get a diet with protein-rich foods, another got the same food plus protein supplements, and the last guinea pig would get minimal amounts of protein. She named the three laboratory animals after famous scholars: Plato, Socrates, and Da Vinci. "T'll gather data by observing the quality of their fur and the energy level of each research guinea pig. The procedure is sound and everything is

scientifically factual!" After /*

two weeks something happened that didn't figure on the data chart. Plato, whose coat was getting thick and fluffy, liked to be petted; Socrates, whose coat was less thick and less fluffy, liked to cuddle; and poor little Da Vinci, whose coat was getting scraggly, liked his stomach scratched. Unexpectedly, this scientific experiment was turning from a data-gathering event into a labor of love.

On the day the projects were due, Janice refused to set her cage on the counter. She wasn't about to place it near Jason Crawford's boa constrictor experiment. "I don't have any data and I don't have a final report!" she announced. "How can I experiment on my pets?"

Comprehension Questions:

1. What does the word <u>procedure</u> mean in the phrase, "the <u>procedure</u> is sound"? *(The way you do stuff.)*

2. What was Janice's science project? *(Nutrition/food for guinea pigs)* (Need both parts for credit)

3. What does the word <u>minimal</u> mean in the phrase, "would get <u>minimal</u> amounts of protein"? (*Very small amounts*)

4. Why didn't Janice want to set her experiment next to the boa constrictor's cage? (She thought the snake would eat her guinea pigs.)

5. What was Janice's final decision about her science project? (She didn't go through with it. or She decided not to turn it in. or It was cruel.)

Errors: _____ Self-Corrections: _____(counted as errors) Accuracy: ____%

Time: _____min. _____sec.

Rate:____wpm Comprehension: %

Instructional Criteria:Go BackContinueErrors ≥ 6 ≤ 5 ORANDTime $\geq 0:50$ $\leq 0:50$

^{*}Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student Must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Form 1 – Early, Mid, End

From Woods & Moe, *Analytical reading inventory* (8th ed.). Copyright 2007, Merrill Prentice-Hall.

Initial Prompt:

[no prompt – timer does <u>not</u> start at beginning] "Most ninth graders are a bundle of nerves on the first day of high school but not me!" Jack Gaither boasted to a group of fellow ninth graders. "I plan on being calm, cool, and collected!" he continued as he thumped his chest. "By the end of day one at Wheaton High School, I will be the most notorious ninth grader!"

*/[start timer] The week before school started, Jack meticulously planned each detail. First, he imagined the casual stroll from the school bus; with his head held up, he invented a composed appearance. The most difficult assignment, however, would be to get from his locker to class within three minutes. Dealing with the combination lock had to go flawlessly, so Jack rehearsed how to efficiently spin the knob forward, backward, forward, then smugly lift the latch, and gently swing the door open. "The mission can be accomplished in a minute and a half, leaving plenty of time to nonchalantly

saunter into class!" He /*

knew his plan was absolutely comprehensive!

On the first day of school, as Jack emerged from the bus, he tripped over his own feet and propelled forward, knocking three students into each other. Once inside, he lunged toward his locker, twirling the knob so fast that he absentmindedly forgot the combination. Finally, as he yanked the door open, it smacked him in the head. He hustled down the hallway, lowering his head to prevent anyone from noticing the lump that was welling up on his forehead. He edged through the classroom doorway and settled into a seat in the back row.

*Slash(/) indicates completion of 100 words. Oral reading accuracy score derived from this 100-word sample. Student must complete passage to answer comprehension questions.

Comprehension Questions:

1. Describe one thing that Jack did to prepare for the first day of school. *(invented a way to walk into school from the bus* **or** *rehearsed opening the lock on his locker* **or** *planned every move)*

2. What does the word <u>flawlessly</u> mean in the phrase, "had to go <u>flawlessly</u>"? (perfectly, no *mistakes*)

3. What happened when Jack got off the bus on the first day of school? (*He tripped.* or *He knocked students into each other.*)

4. What does the word <u>comprehensive</u> mean in the phrase, "his plan was absolutely <u>comprehensive</u>"? *(complete, thorough)*

5. Why did Jack have a lump on his forehead? (When he opened his locker door, it hit him on the forehead.)

Errors:

Self-Corrections: ____(counted as errors)

Accuracy: <u>%</u>

Time: _____min. ____sec.

Rate: wpm

Comprehension: %

Instructional Criteria:	Go Back
Errors	≥6
	OR
Time	≥ 0:50

Baby Bear Goes Fishing

"I'm going fishing," said Father Bear.

"I like fishing, too," said Baby Bear. "I will go with you and help you."

"You are too little to go fishing," said Mother Bear. "I am not too little," said Baby Bear. "I'm big."

Father Bear and Baby Bear went down to the river. "Come here, fish," said Baby Bear.

"The fish are not coming today," said Father Bear.

Baby Bear went on fishing. "Look!" shouted Baby Bear.

"Fish! Fish! Look at my fish!"

Father Bear and Baby Bear went home with the fish. "Look at my fish!" said Baby Bear. "I'm not too little to go fishing." "I'm **not** too little," said Baby Bear.

S1-Early

"Look!" said Mother. "We can see pictures in the clouds." The little mouse and his mother saw many pictures in the clouds. They saw a castle...a rabbit....a mouse. "I am going to pick flowers," said Mother. "I will stay here and watch the clouds," said the little mouse. The little mouse saw a big cloud in the sky. It grew bigger and bigger. The cloud became a cat. The cat came nearer and nearer to the little mouse. "Help!" shouted the little mouse, and he ran to his mother. "There is a big cat in the sky!" cried the little mouse. "I am afraid!" Mother looked up at the sky. "Do not be afraid," she said. "See, the cat has turned back into a cloud again."

S1-Mid

Toad went to Frog's house. He found a note on the door. The note said, "Dear Toad, I am not at home. I went out. I want to be alone."

"Alone?" said Toad. "Frog has me for a friend. Why does he want to be alone?"

Toad looked through the windows. He looked in the garden. He did not see Frog. Toad went to the woods. Frog was not there. He went to the meadow. Frog was not there.

Toad went down to the river. There was Frog. He was sitting on an island by himself. "Poor Frog," said Toad. "He must be very sad. I will cheer him up.

S1-End

Whiz! The baseball went right by me, and I struck at the air! "Strike one," called the man. I could feel my legs begin to shake!

Whiz! The ball went by me again, and I began to feel bad. "Strike two," screamed the man.

I held the bat back because this time I would smack the ball! I would hit it right out of the park! I was so scared that I bit down on my lip. My knees shook and my hands grew wet. Swish! The ball came right over the plate. Crack! I hit it a good one! Then I ran like the wind. Everyone was yelling for me because I was now a baseball star." The sunlight shined into the mouth of the cave so Mark could see easily at first, but the farther he walked, the darker it grew. His dog, Boxer, ran off to explore on his own.

Soon it grew so dark Mark could see nothing, but he could hear water dripping off the cave walls. He touched a wall with his hand to find it cold and damp. Mark began to grow fearful, so he lit his candle and held it high to look around.

Suddenly, the flame went out. He tried to relight the candle, but the first match went out! Finally, Mark's shaking hand held the lighted candle high. He heard a low growl near him and saw a pair of fierce, green eyes glowing in the dark! "Boxer!" he shouted. "Now I recognize those green eyes of yours! Let's get out of here!" The two dogs and the cat were growing tired from their long journey. Now they had to cross a river. It was wide and deep, so they would have to swim across.

The younger dog plunged into the icy water, barking for the others to follow him. The older dog jumped into the water. He was weak and suffering from pain, but somehow he managed to struggle to the opposite bank.

The poor cat was left all alone. He was so afraid that he ran up and down the bank wailing with fear. The younger dog swam back and forth trying to help. Finally, the cat jumped and began swimming near his friend.

At that moment something bad happened. An old beaver dam from upstream broke. The water rushed downstream, hurling a large log toward the animals. It struck the cat and swept him helplessly away.

S4

"Look out," Sheila Young thought as she saw her challenger's bicycle come too close. "Watch out or you will foul me!"

At that moment a horrifying thing happened as she was bumped by another racer at forty miles an hour. Sheila's bicycle crashed, and she skidded on the surface of the track. From the wreck she received a nine-inch gash on her head.

The judges ruled that the race should be run again since a foul had been made. Sheila would not have enough time to get her wound stitched; still, she didn't want to quit the race because she could only think of winning.

"Just staple the cut together and bandage it," she told the doctor. "I want to win this race!"

The doctor did as Sheila asked, and as she stood in silence while being treated, tears rolled down her face from the intense pain. Then, with a blood-stained bandage on her throbbing head, she pushed on to amaze the crowd with a sensational victory and a gold medal! The explosion was horrible that tragic day in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1916. Thirty-two men were trapped in a tunnel 250 feet below Lake Erie, and no one could enter the smoke-filled atmosphere. "Someone get Garrett Morgan to help!" shouted a man. "Morgan's breathing device is the only thing that can help rescue the survivors!"

Garrett Morgan and his brother quickly volunteered to assist. "My breathing device will save those victim's lives," Morgan announced with confidence. "I invented it so firemen can breathe when they enter a burning house filled with suffocating gases. We tested my device in an air-tight tent that was filled with the foulest, thickest smoke. A man put my diver's helmet-like device with long breathing tubes running to the floor over his head, went into the tent, stayed twenty minutes, and emerged unharmed."

Then Morgan and his brother placed the devices over their heads and rushed into the death-trap tunnel. One by one they carried each man to the surface. Although not every life was spared, it was Morgan's invention, the first gas mask, that saved lives that day and in the years to come!

S6

Janice wanted to do research on nutrition. She planned to purchase three guinea pigs and over a two-month period prepare meals containing different amounts of protein. One guinea pig would get a diet with proteinrich foods, another got the same food plus protein supplements, and the last guinea pig would get minimal amounts of protein. She named the three laboratory animals after famous scholars: Plato, Socrates, and Da Vinci. "I'll gather data by observing the quality of their fur and the energy level of each research guinea pig. The procedure is sound and everything is scientifically factual!"

After two weeks something happened that didn't figure on the data chart. Plato, whose coat was getting thick and fluffy, liked to be petted; Socrates, whose coat was less thick and less fluffy, liked to cuddle; and poor little Da Vinci, whose coat was getting scraggly, liked his stomach scratched. Unexpectedly, this scientific experiment was turning from a data-gathering event into a labor of love.

On the day the projects were due, Janice refused to set her cage on the counter. She wasn't about to place it near Jason Crawford's boa constrictor experiment. "I don't have any data and I don't have a final report!" she announced. "How can I experiment on my pets?"

S7

"Most ninth graders are a bundle of nerves on the first day of high school but not me!" Jack Gaither boasted to a group of fellow ninth graders. "I plan on being calm, cool, and collected!" he continued as he thumped his chest. "By the end of day one at Wheaton High School, I will be the most notorious ninth grader!"

The week before school started, Jack meticulously planned each detail. First, he imagined the casual stroll from the school bus; with his head held up, he invented a composed appearance. The most difficult assignment, however, would be to get from his locker to class within three minutes. Dealing with the combination lock had to go flawlessly, so Jack rehearsed how to efficiently spin the knob forward, backward, forward, then smugly lift the latch, and gently swing the door open. "The mission can be accomplished in a minute and a half, leaving plenty of time to nonchalantly saunter into class!" He knew his plan was absolutely comprehensive!

On the first day of school, as Jack emerged from the bus, he tripped over his own feet and propelled forward, knocking three students into each other. Once inside, he lunged toward his locker, twirling the knob so fast that he absentmindedly forgot the combination. Finally, as he yanked the door open, it smacked him in the head. He hustled down the hallway, lowering his head to prevent anyone from noticing the lump that was welling up on his forehead. He edged through the classroom doorway and settled into a seat in the back row.

Form 1

			<u>KEADIN(</u>	<u>j KA</u>	<u>TE (for 100 words)</u>			
	ccuracy %		<u>Time Taken</u>	WPM	<u>Time Taken</u>	WPM	<u>Time Taken</u>	WPN
		Percentage [Variable]	30 sec	200	1 min	100	2 min 7 sec - 2 min 9 sec	47
0	100	100%	31 sec	194	1 min 1 sec	98	2 min 10 sec - 2 min 11 sec	46
1	99	99%	32 sec	188	1 min 2 sec	97	2 min 12 sec - 2 min 14 sec	45
2	98	98%	33 sec	182	1 min 3 sec	95	2 min 15 sec - 2 min 17 sec	44
3	97	97%	34 sec	176	1 min 4 sec	94	2 min 18 sec - 2 min 21 sec	43
4	96	96%	35 sec	171	1 min 5 sec	92	2 min 22 sec - 2 min 24 sec	42
5	95	95%	36 sec	167	1 min 6 sec	91	2 min 25 sec - 2 min 28 sec	41
6	94	94%	37 sec	162	1 min 7 sec	90	2 min 29 sec - 2 min 31 sec	40
7	93	93%	38 sec	158	1 min 8 sec	88	2 min 32 sec - 2 min 35 sec	39
8	92	92%	39 sec	154	1 min 9 sec	87	2 min 36 sec - 2 min 40 sec	38
9	91	91%	40 sec	150	1 min 10 sec	86	2 min 41 sec - 2 min 44 sec	37
10	90	90%	41 sec	146	1 min 11 sec	85	2 min 45 sec - 2 min 49 sec	36
11	89	89%	42 sec	143	1 min 12 sec	83	2 min 50 sec - 2 min 53 sec	35
12	88	88%	43 sec	140	1 min 13 sec	82	2 min 54 sec - 2 min 59 sec	34
13	87	87%	44 sec	136	1 min 14 sec	81	3 min - 3 min 4 sec	33
14	86	86%	45 sec	133	1 min 15 sec	80	$3 \min 5 \sec - 3 \min 10 \sec$	32
15	85	85%	46 sec	130	1 min 16 sec	79	3 min 11 sec - 3 min 16 sec	31
16	84	84%	47 sec	128	1 min 17 sec	78	3 min 17 sec - 3 min 23 sec	30
10	83	83%	48 sec	125	1 min 18 sec	77	3 min 24 sec - 3 min 30 sec	29
18	82	82%	49 sec	122	1 min 19 sec	76	3 min 31 sec - 3 min 38 sec	28
10	81	81%	50 sec	120	1 min 20 sec	75	3 min 39 sec - 3 min 46 sec	27
20	80	80%	51 sec	118	1 min 21 sec	74	3 min 47 sec - 3 min 55 sec	26
20	79	79%	52 sec	115	1 min 22 sec	73	3 min 56 sec - 4 min 4 sec	25
22	79	79%	53 sec	113	1 min 23 sec	72	4 min 5 sec - 4 min 15 sec	24
22	78	77%	54 sec	111	1 min 24 sec - 1 min 25 sec	71	4 min 16 sec - 4 min 26 sec	23
23	76		55 sec	109	1 min 26 sec	70	4 min 27 sec - 4 min 39 sec	22
24	75	76% 75%	56 sec	107	1 min 27 sec	69	4 min 40 sec - 4 min 52 sec	21
-			57 sec	105	1 min 28 sec	68	4 min 53 sec - 5 min 7 sec	20
26	74	74%	58 sec	103	1 min 29 sec - 1 min 30 sec	67	5 min 8 sec - 5 min 24 sec	19
27	73	73%	50 sec	102	1 min 31 sec	66	5 min 25 sec - 5 min 27 sec	18
28	72	72%	57 300	102	1 min 32 sec - 1 min 33 sec	65	5 min 25 sec - 5 min 42 sec 5 min 43 sec - 6 min 3 sec	17
29	71	71%			1 min 34 sec	64	6 min 4 sec - 6 min 27 sec	16
30	70	70%			1 min 35 sec - 1 min 36 sec	63	$\frac{6 \min 4 \sec^2 - 6 \min 27 \sec^2}{6 \min 28 \sec^2 - 6 \min 53 \sec^2}$	15
31	69	69%			$\frac{1 \min 55 \sec^2 1 \min 56 \sec^2}{1 \min 37 \sec^2}$	62	6 min 54 sec - 7 min 24 sec	14
32	68	68%			1 min 38 sec - 1 min 39 sec	61	7 min 25 sec - 8 min	13
33	67	67%			1 min 40 sec	60	8 min 1 sec - 8 min 41 sec	12
34	66	66%			1 min 41 sec - 1 min 42 sec	59	8 min 42 sec - 9 min 31 sec	11
-					$\frac{1}{1} \min 43 \sec - 1 \min 42 \sec 1$	58	9 min 32 sec - 10 min 31 sec	10
					$\frac{1}{1} \min 43 \sec - 1 \min 44 \sec 1$ $1 \min 45 \sec - 1 \min 46 \sec 1$	57	10 min 32 sec - 10 min 31 sec	9
Comprehe	nsion <u>%</u> (3	3 questions)			1 min 43 sec - 1 min 46 sec 1 min 47 sec - 1 min 48 sec		10 min 32 sec - 11 min 43 sec 11 min 46 sec - 13 min 20 sec	9
of Errors	# Correct	Percentage						
0	3	100%			$1 \min 49 \sec - 1 \min 50 \sec $	55	13 min 21 sec - 15 min 23 sec	7
1	2	67%			$\frac{1 \min 51 \sec - 1 \min 52 \sec}{1 \min 52 \sec}$	54	15 min 24 sec - 18 min 10 sec	6
2	1	33%			$\frac{1 \min 53 \sec - 1 \min 54 \sec}{1 \min 55 \sec - 1 \min 56 \sec}$	53	18 min 11 sec - 22 min 13 sec	5
3	0	0%			1 min 55 sec - 1 min 56 sec	52	22 min 14 sec - 28 min 34 sec	4
-	v	0,0			$\frac{1 \min 57 \sec - 1 \min 58 \sec}{1 \min 50 \sec - 2 \min 1 \sec}$	51	28 min 35 sec - 40 min	3
Comprehe	nsion % (5	questions)			$\frac{1 \min 59 \sec - 2 \min 1 \sec}{2 \exp 2 \sin 2}$	50	40 min 1 sec - 1 hr 6 min 40 sec	2
		Percentage			$\frac{2 \min 2 \sec - 2 \min 3 \sec}{2 \min 4 \sec 2 \sin 6}$	49	1 hr 6 min 41 sec - 3 hr 20 min	1
0	5	100%			2 min 4 sec - 2 min 6 sec	48	> 3 hr 20 min	0
1	4	80%						
1	4	00/0						

READING RATE (for 100 words)

2

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0%

READING RATE (for 50 words)

Time Telton	WDM	Time Teleon	WDM		A	/
<u>Time Taken</u>	WPM	<u>Time Taken</u>	WPM		Accuracy 9	_
< 1 min	>50	1 min 36 sec - 1 min 38 sec	31	<u># of Erro</u>	<u>rs</u> <u># Correct</u>	
1 min	50	1 min 39 sec - 1 min 41 sec	30	0	50	100%
1 min 1 sec	49	1 min 42 sec - 1 min 45 sec	29	1	49	98%
1 min 2 sec - 1 min 3 sec	48	1 min 46 sec - 1 min 49 sec	28	2	48	96%
1 min 4 sec	47	1 min 50 sec - 1 min 53 sec	27	3	47	94%
1 min 5 sec	46	1 min 54 sec - 1 min 57 sec	26	4	46	92%
1 min 6 sec - 1 min 7 sec	45	1 min 58 sec - 2 min 2 sec	25	5	45	90%
1 min 8 sec	44	2 min 3 sec - 2 min 7 sec	24	6	44	88%
1 min 9 sec - 1 min 10 sec	43	2 min 8 sec - 2 min 13 sec	23	7	43	86%
1 min 11 sec - 1 min 12 sec	42	2 min 14 sec - 2 min 19 sec	22	8	42	84%
1 min 13 sec - 1 min 14 sec	41	2 min 20 sec - 2 min 26 sec	21	9	41	82%
1 min 15 sec	40	2 min 27 sec - 2 min 33 sec	20	10	40	80%
1 min 16 sec - 1 min 17 sec	39	2 min 34 sec - 2 min 42 sec	19	11	39	78%
1 min 18 sec - 1 min 20 sec	38	2 min 43 sec - 2 min 51 sec	18	12	38	76%
1 min 21 sec - 1 min 22 sec	37	2 min 52 sec - 3 min 1 sec	17	13	37	74%
1 min 23 sec - 1 min 24 sec	36	3 min 2 sec - 3 min 13 sec	16	14	36	72%
1 min 25 sec - 1 min 26 sec	35	3 min 14 sec - 3 min 26 sec	15	15	35	70%
1 min 27 sec - 1 min 29 sec	34	3 min 27 sec - 3 min 42 sec	14	16	34	68%
1 min 30 sec - 1 min 32 sec	33	3 min 43 sec - 4 min	13	17	33	66%
1 min 33 car 1 min 35 car	27	> 1 min	< 12	18	32	64%

For 50-Word Selection ONLY

Passage Level	Instructional Accuracy (%)	Instructional Rate (WPM)	Passage Used	
Reception	N/A N/A		The Ghost	
Std 1-Early	85	\geq 20	Baby Bear	
Std 1-Mid	90	≥ 30	Mouse Tales p. 8	
Std 1-End	90	\geq 40	Frog & Toad p. 52	
Std 2-Mid	90	≥ 60	Whiz	
Std 2-End	90	≥ 80		
Std 3-Early	90	≥ 80		
Std 3-Mid	90	\geq 90	Mark & Boxer	
Std 3-End	90	≥ 100		
Std 4-Early	90	≥ 95		
Std 4-Mid	95	≥ 105	Incredible Journey	
Std 4-End	95	\geq 110		
Std 5-Early	95	≥ 100		
Std 5-Mid	95	\geq 110	Sheila Young	
Std 5-End	95	\geq 120		
Std 6-Early	95	≥110		
Std 6-Mid	95	\geq 120	Garrett Morgan	
Std 6-End	95	\geq 130]	
Std 7-Early	95	≥ 120		
Std 7-Mid	95	\geq 130	Janice	
Std 7-End	95	≥ 140		
Form 1-Early	95	\geq 120		
Form 1-Mid	95	≥ 130	First Day	
Form 1-End	95	≥ 140		

UURC Fluency Criteria -- Reading Level Assessment (RLA)

* Instructional level is the highest place where the student meets or exceeds accuracy **and** rate criteria.